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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/312,351	05/14/1999	JON A. WOLFF	MIRUS.006	2480
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MARK K JOHNSON			EXAMINER	
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NEW BERLIN	, WI 531310644			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1632	
			DATE MAILED: 08/28/2002	
				10

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
. Office Action Summary		09/312,351	WOLFF ET AL.			
		Examiner				
			Art Unit			
The MAILIF	NG DATE of this communication ap	Joseph Woitach pears on the cover sheet with the cover	1632			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status Decreasive	- to communication(s) filed on 02	May 2000				
2a) ☐ This action	/	his action is non-final.	P			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11,15-17 and 19-28</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-6 and 15-17</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-11 and 19-28</u> is/are rejected.						
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
	s Cited (PTO-892) on's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) re Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Claims 7-11, 19-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Specifically, the recitation of physiological conditions is vague and indefinite. A "physiological condition" is not specifically defined in the present specification and it is unclear what the metes and bounds of this term encompasses. Further, this term can vary between *in vivo*, *in vitro*, and what a physiological condition would be for different organisms in different environments. The metes and bounds of the term is not defined, and therefore the claim is indefinite.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 7-11, 19-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. 37 CFR 1.118 (a) states that "No amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of an application after the filing date of the application". In the instant case the limitation of a "under physiologic conditions" is considered new matter. A review of the present specification fails to provide literal or figurative support for the use of this term in defining the specific chemical characteristics of the compound instantly claimed.

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DETAILED ACTION

This application filed May 14, 1999, claims benefit to provisional application 60/085,764, filed May 16, 1998.

Applicants amendment filed May 3, 2002, paper number 15, has been received and entered. Claims 12-14 and 18 have been canceled. Claims 19-28 have been added. Claims 7, 10 and 11 have been amended.

Claims 1-11, 15-17, 19-28 are pending. Claims 1-6, 15-17 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in Paper No. 5. Claims 7-11 and 19-28 are currently under examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 7-11 previously rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention is withdrawn.

Amendments to the claims have obviated the basis of the specific rejections previously set forth.

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To the extent that the claimed compositions and/or methods are not described in the instant disclosure, claims 7-11, 19-28 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention, since a disclosure cannot teach one to make or use something that has not been described.

MPEP 2163.06 notes "If new matter is added to the claims, the examiner should reject the claims under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph - written description requirement. *In re Rasmussen*, 650 F.2d 1212, 211 USPQ 323 (CCPA 1981)." MPEP 2163.02 teaches that "Whenever the issue arises, the fundamental factual inquiry is whether a claim defines an invention that is clearly conveyed to those skilled in the art at the time the application was filed...If a claim is amended to include subject matter, limitations, or terminology not present in the application as filed, involving a departure from, addition to, or deletion from the disclosure of the application as filed, the examiner should conclude that the claimed subject matter is not described in that application. MPEP 2163.06 further notes "When an amendment is filed in reply to an objection or rejection based on 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, a study of the entire application is often necessary to determine whether or not "new matter" is involved. Applicant should therefore specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure" (emphasis added).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 7-11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wagner *et al*, as evidenced by MacGillivray *et al*. is withdrawn.

Claims 7-11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stassen *et al*, as evidenced by Elliot *et al*. and Voit <u>is withdrawn</u>.

The amendment to the claims to encompass a compound which upon cleavage results in two molecules has obviated the instantly claimed method from that taught in the art.

Claims 7-11, 19-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the cross-linkers taught by Pierce (page T-172, 1994), as evidence by Arpicco *et al.* (Bioconjug Chem, 1997).

The claims have been amended to recite a composition comprising a disulfide bond that is labile under physiological conditions and cleaved more rapidly that oxidized glutathione. A review of the specification provides several formulas of compounds which teach compounds

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which would meet the limitation of the instantly claimed compound. For example, page 5, defines a formula for a disulphide compound and on page 7 of the specification teaches a more defined compound that contains aromatic rings. The cross-linking compounds taught in Pierce are known to be labile in vivo as evidenced by Arpicco et al. The limitations in the dependent claims such as polymer and ligand are not specifically defined in the present specification, and the -(CH₂)₅- can serve as a polymer and the sulfosuccinimidyl group can be a non-specific ligand (see sulfo-LC-SMPT). Given the broad limitations of the claims, and specific nature of the composition as it is defined under physiological conditions, the disulphide cross linkers taught in Pierce meet the limitation set forth in the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7-11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by or in the alternative, under 35 USC 103(a) Wagner et al, as evidenced by Lodish et al. is withdrawn.

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The amendment to the claims to encompass a compound which upon cleavage results in two molecules has obviated the instantly claimed method from that taught in the art.

Double Patenting

Claims 19-23 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate of claims 7-11. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

In the instant case, each invention is drawn to the same composition. Independent claim 7 is drawn to a disulphide bond that is labile under physiological conditions and cleaved more rapidly than oxidized glutathione, and independent claim 19 is drawn to a disulphide bond that is labile under physiological conditions and has a lower pKa than glutathione. These limitations provide for the same metes and bounds, and thus the claims are drawn to exactly the same invention. The dependent claims are drawn to further limitations, however they recite and encompass the same limitations in each set of dependent claims.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

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Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph Woitach whose telephone number is (703)305-3732.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah Reynolds, can be reached at (703)305-4051.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist Pauline Farrier whose telephone number is (703)305-3550.

Papers related to this application may be submitted by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers

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must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The CM1 Fax Center numbers are (703)308-4242 and (703)305-3014.

Joseph T. Woitach

DEBORAH CROUCH PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800/630

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